



SCC MediaFactory™ is a batch processing application for Windows 200x/XP and RedHat Linux for processing image, text, graphics, and MacBinary files, performing operations such as file routing, file transfer by FTP, email, or GPIB, content conversion, and insertion of photos, PDF, text, graphics, audio, and video into an SCC MediaServer Database Library. It can be configured with any number of processing channels that can be stacked together like building blocks to meet complicated image and file processing and handling requirements. Each channel executes simultaneously and independently using a sophisticated, multi-threaded software architecture.

Features

- Runs native on either Windows or RedHat Linux
- Multithreaded channel architecture
- Fast, reliable, unattended operation
- AutoStart when executed
- 'Wait, Process and Delete' or Single Pass modes
- Process subfolder trees with the nested folder feature
- Image conversion support for Adobe Photoshop EPS, IPTC (such as AP LeafDesk and AFP files), JPEG (including Reuters Mainstream and MDN JPEG), TIFF, and digital camera files, including Kodak and Canon Raw Formats
- Notification by email in case of error or warning
- Run scripted operations against MediaServer Libraries
- Print a custom user-defined proof of processed images
- Crop, Rotate images automatically
- AutoFill attributes with values
- Route files automatically to single or multiple destinations
- FTP or email files to remote destinations
- File purging by age, number of files, and size of folder
- Detailed log window with color-coded error levels
- Status Window shows current activity with progress bars and history
- and many more...

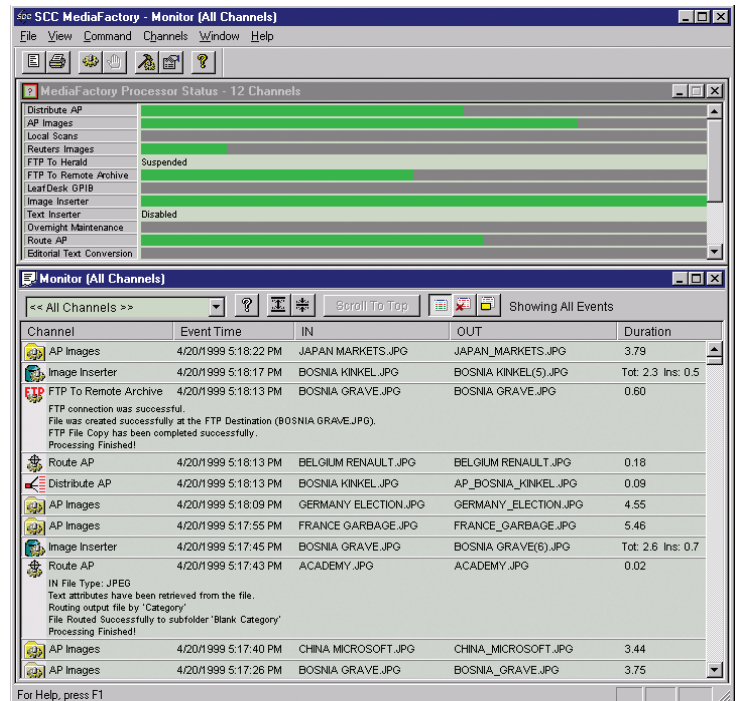
MediaFactory Channels

The "channel" gives MediaFactory its power and versatility. Each channel represents a port to accept a source of data, a configurable processing task, and a destination port for the processed result. Channels can provide independent dataflow paths, each processing a different source of data and each producing their own output. Alternatively, channels can be chained together, each performing its processing task in sequence on files or data from a single source and resulting in a single output result. Any number of channels can be created, configured and started, all performing their functions simultaneously in separate threads.

Processing can be configured for Single Pass of read-only media, such as a CDROM, or "Wait, Process, and Delete" to create a "watch" folder where files are dropped for immediate and continual processing. Nested folder processing is supported where appropriate. Channels can be configured to stop processing when a certain number of errors are logged consecutively, thereby preventing a long series of errors due to a sudden hardware problem, configuration problem, or similar cause.

Automatic file purging in Output, Done, and Error folders where files accumulate can be configured to delete the oldest files according to a criteria based on age, number of files in the folder, number of MBytes in the folder, or a combination of all three.

Channel processing can be suspended for an arbitrary interval during each 24 hour period or scheduled to occur at certain times



of the day and certain days of the week. This feature is useful to ensure that processing does not interfere with overnight backups, and can be used to burst-process files during periods when cost, network traffic, or server load is down.

There are several channel types that can be configured to work separately or together to meet processing requirements. Some channels receive input from files placed in folders and some receive input from a source within an SCC MediaServer database. Similarly, channel output, or results, can be in the form of files in folders or changes to data within a MediaServer database.

Image Conversion / Processing Channel

This channel type can be used to convert file types such as Adobe Photoshop EPS, IPTC (such as AP LeafDesk and AFP files), JPEG (including Reuters Mainstream and MDN JPEG), TIFF, and digital camera files to Photoshop JPEG files with embedded File Info attributes viewable in Photoshop and, also include SCC extensions such as the thumbnail and preview used by SCC PhotoGrid and SCC MediaGrid. It can automatically detect that the image is oriented incorrectly (for Reuters JPEG, IPTC, EXIF, and PhotoMechanic files) and rotate/flip the image to its proper state. Images processed by this channel can be printed using a user-defined custom page layout containing any image size, any attribute, and many file and image property variables. This channel can route the file according to a user-defined table between any text attribute value to any subfolder, or can place all output in a single folder or in Daily Folders. This channel will AutoFill attributes, crop images, and generate low resolution versions of the original image.



FTP Channel

This channel performs a simple file transfer operation using FTP from a mounted input folder to any FTP Server destination throughout your network or around the world. As with many channel types, this channel watches an input folder and performs the transfer operation on all files and folders placed in that input folder.

Error handling includes retrying the transfer after a configurable delay, moving the input file to an Error Folder for future re-processing, stopping the channel after a specified number of consecutive errors have occurred, logging the error description in the MediaFactory log window and ODBC log device, and notifying a group of people on a recipient list by email.

EMAIL Channel

This channel watches an input folder and attaches all files placed there to an email addressed to a list of recipients. The address list can be defined in the Channel Settings or placed in an associated header file along with the file to be sent. Multiple files are attached to an email when the channel encounters a folder of files in its input folder.

The email subject and body, to which the file or files are attached, can be formed as a combination of fixed and variable text. The variable text can contain dates, times, recipient information, channel state information, and fields extracted from special header files that accompany the attachment file in the input folder.

MacBinary Channel

This channel has two modes: Wrap and Unwrap. In Wrap Mode it creates MacBinary files from Macintosh files, combining both the data and resource forks along with the File Type and Creator information. In Unwrap Mode it takes a MacBinary file and creates the appropriate Macintosh file with data and resource forks. This channel can be used to process MacBinary files received from wire services, such as those from the AP Server. It is useful also when paired with an FTP Channel to transfer both forks of a Macintosh file, and restoring the Macintosh file at the other end of the FTP transfer.

A mapping feature is provided to append filename extensions on unwrapped files based on the input file's embedded Macintosh File Creator and File Type values.

GPIB Listener Channel

This channel provides a Modified Handshake Protocol (MHP) compatible GPIB Listener, which can be used to receive files from an AP LeafDesk, AFP Server, or any other server capable of transferring files over GPIB using MHP. (Requires National Instruments GPIB card)

File Routing Channel

This channel performs file routing similar to that in the Image Conversion / Processing channel but does so without modifying the input file. Whereas the Image Processing channel will convert the file first and then route the converted file to a subfolder based on the value of one of its attributes, the File Routing Channel will

Detailed Log

Tasks performed by MediaFactory produce detailed log events. The Log Window displays each log event associated with a single channel or with all channels combined. Each event can be displayed in collapsed format showing the profile of the processing event, or in full expanded format with a complete list of details associated with the processing event. Events levels are 'Successful', 'Warning', 'Error', or 'Informational' and each level is color-coded in the Log Window. Optional email notification can be turned on to notify a list of recipients of any error, warning or specific error events.

Exported Log

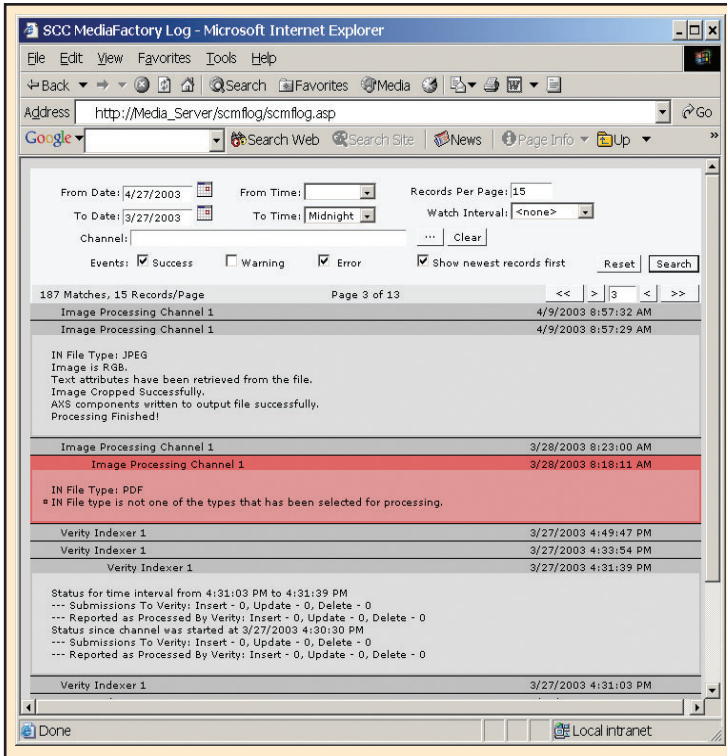
MediaFactory can be configured to copy each log event, as it occurs, to any ODBC-compliant database table, including an SQL Server or Oracle table. Once the MediaFactory log entries are in an SQL table, for example, third party applications such as Crystal Reports can be used to view the log, including access to the log via the internet or your intranet. You can also use ASP or the Microsoft SQL Server Web Task feature to automatically create web pages that contain the latest MediaFactory log entries and then place links to these pages on other pages accessible from the internet or your intranet. The contents of these pages are governed by SQL Select statements and can be configured to show all errors, all entries for a channel, or many other display formats, making it easy to monitor the status of MediaFactory, wire services, and MediaServer from a remote site.

attempt to extract the attribute value from the input file and simply move that input file to the appropriate subfolder. In addition, this channel is capable of routing files to multiple destinations when using Keyword lists or Supplemental Category lists, or by extracting segments from delimited strings in other IPTC attributes.

Distribution Channel

This channel type has four modes: (1) transfer files to multiple destinations, (2) transfer files to specific destinations based on the type of the file, (3) transfer files from the input folder to one of a group of output folders but only when the output folder contains fewer files than a user-specified number (load balancing) and (4) transfer files from a source folder to a destination folder where both the source and destination are specified explicitly by an XML file placed in the channel's input folder.

Generally, the first mode is used as a starting point into subsequent channels. For example, a Distribution Channel might be used to transfer each file from its input folder to the input folder of multiple channels of other types for specific processing. The second mode is also useful as a starting point for other channels. In this mode files can be routed by type to specific folders, which themselves are input folders for other channels. Mode (3) is designed as a load balancing mechanism. It will transfer a file from the input folder of the Distribution Channel to the input folder of another channel but only when that destination channel is nearing a state in which it has nothing to do.



Indexer Channel

This channel watches one or more MediaServer libraries for changes, additions, and deletions and initiates a complex set of operations to ensure that the MediaServer full text indexes are updated and that MediaGrid clients are notified if an index changes that might impact their dynamic views. In the background the channel also performs an ongoing inspection and repair of database tables and associated full-text indexes to determine if any synchronization problems exist.

ServerOps Channel

This channel performs complex, user-scripted, server-side operations on objects as they are inserted or modified in a MediaServer database. These operations can be performed immediately after insertion or modification, or can be scheduled to execute at any time of the day and on any days of the week.

A simple example of a ServerOps script is to detect when a database object has been added and immediately tag it by AutoFill'ing one of its attributes with a pre-determined value. A second example is to detect when an object has changed, read its attributes, determine if a particular attribute now has a certain value and, if it does, copy the object's associated stored document (inserted file) to a destination folder while AutoFill'ing different values into the attributes of the copied file and the attributes of the object that remains behind in the database library.

The ServerOps Script Editor allows the sequencing of complex and powerful operations, such as AutoFill, Image Rotation, Object

MediaServer Library Inserter Channel

This channel is used to insert files into the SCC MediaServer production and archive database. Supported formats extend beyond those supported by the Image Conversion / Processing Channel and include Reuters News Wire text, IPTC text, free form text, delimited text, EPS Graphics, TIFF, GIF, digital camera files, Acrobat PDF, QuickTime, WAV, MPEG, and Postscript file formats. It also inserts MultiFile objects consisting of a folder of related files and subfolders.

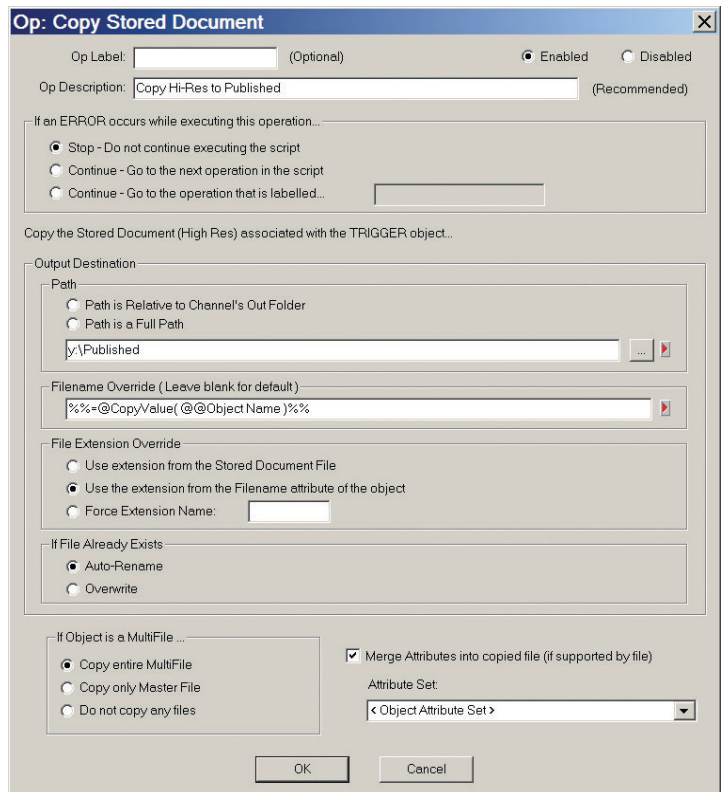
The Inserter Channel initiates action by the Indexer Channel to ensure that the new object's attributes (metadata) are indexed in the MediaServer full text index and made searchable immediately after insertion. Additional trigger mechanisms are employed to notify MediaGrid database clients that a new object has been inserted into a library so that automatic or dynamic updates can take place at the client.

Options to every insertion include adding the object to a MediaServer project or a MediaServer Commerce Catalog subject to object attribute content.

MediaServer Text Converter Channel

This channel is used to convert text files from various wire services and other sources to a single, normalized text file format. Once converted, these normalized text files can be inserted into a MediaServer Library using the Inserter Channel.

Most input text formats are supported, including AP NewsDesk, ANPA Wire Service (Bulletin 1312), Lexis Nexis Feed, Layout 8000, Bounded Text, XML, and Delimited Text. The Delimited Text format is a standard used by many applications, such as FileMaker, Excel, and many applications that exports tabular data.





Linking, and File Copying. It supports conditional control flow, such as jumping within the script at execution time depending upon the current value of an attribute from an object, or jumping to a point in the script because an error was encountered while executing. Scripts support multiple attribute sets, so that an attribute set can be extracted from an object, cloned to another set, and subsequently modified without affecting the cloned set. Scripts can check and set the value of text, date, and numeric variables, which can be used to modify attribute values or control the flow of the script.

Scripts support parent-child relationships between objects. As a script is executing over one object (the parent) it can initiate the execution of another script over the set of objects that match the first object in a specific way (the children). For example, the children of an object might be all objects in the same or other MediaServer libraries that have the same value for the attribute Edition. The parent script could start the execution of the child script which would then operate over each of the child objects. After the child script completes, the parent script continues.

Delivery Channel

The SCC MediaServer Delivery Module enables automated delivery of documents stored within an SCC MediaServer system and supports multiple destinations each configured with a time to send, an output format and an output location (e.g. print queue, network directory, FTP site or Email address). This channel is a central component in the Delivery Module.

MediaServer Maintenance Channel

This channel simplifies SCC MediaServer overnight maintenance and optimization setup. Library maintenance functions include Verity index optimization, deleting the oldest, unprotected records from a library, purging deleted records, and rebuilding the SQL Table Indexes. The Maintenance Channel can be configured to start execution at any time, usually during the early morning hours, and to stop prior to completion if the functions cannot be completed before a specific time.

All actual work scheduled by the Maintenance Channel is performed on the server by an extended stored procedure or remote Server object. If MediaFactory is running on a client machine there is little interaction between the server and that client while the maintenance operations are executed. All of the intense SQL and indexing activity takes place on the server. However, any errors or completion status that result from the function execution is passed back to MediaFactory and displayed in the Log Window as an event for the Maintenance Channel. Error events are displayed in red and success events are displayed in light green, as usual with MediaFactory. Error events can be configured to trigger an email to all in an email recipient list.

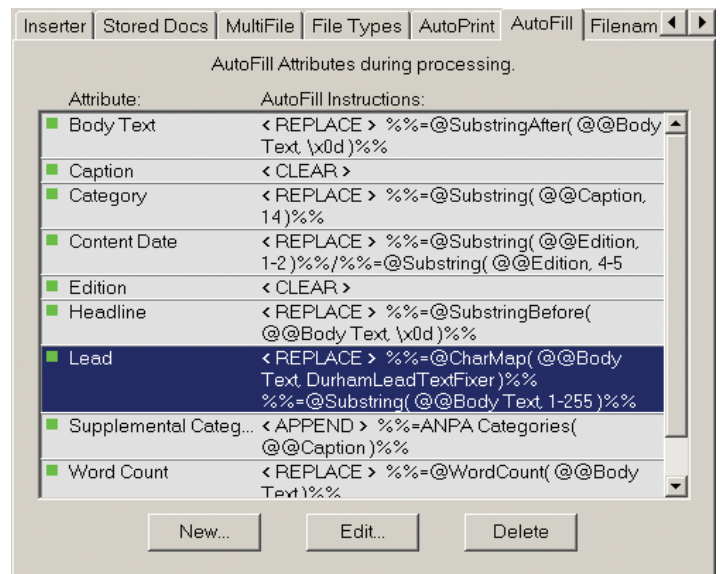
NewsML Channel

The NewsML Channel provides the interface engine of the MediaServer NewsML Module. It processes export packages from NewsML-equipped editorial systems, such as the CCI Editorial System.

Additional Features

MediaFactory has many powerful facilities that support channel functions and provide flexible tools to solve difficult file processing and handling problems. This includes Value Translators, Character Mappers, Routing Schemes, and AutoFill.

A Value Translator is a user-defined table of text that is used by MediaFactory to map any attribute from one value to another (e.g. replacing 'DN' to 'Daily News'). Character Mappers worm through the text of one or all attributes to find and replace characters or sequences of characters with alternate and preferred values. Routing Schemes are used to establish destinations, whether folders, projects, or Commerce Catalogs, based on the value of attributes. AutoFill is used to set attributes to fixed, evaluated, or scripted values, including values containing date and time information, channel state information, database state information, unique numbers, the values of other attributes, word counts, substrings, value translations, and more. Attributes are filled based on an AutoFill Instruction, which itself can be composed of multiple sub-instructions. The sub-instructions are



evaluated in sequence to produce a resulting value in a flexible, programmatic style.

MediaFactory reads IPTC attribute data from Macintosh ANPA 10000 Resources. (This feature requires NT/200x Server with Services for Macintosh enabled).

MediaFactory handles files with any name, including illegal names. Illegal filenames (such as a name that ends in a space or ellipsis) can occur when a Macintosh file is moved to an NT/200x Server. Almost all Windows programs will "choke" on those files, but MediaFactory will read them, process them, and fix the name at the output.

MediaFactory can be set to strip out spaces from filenames during processing, thereby alleviating problems experienced by Unix servers when handling filenames with spaces. Also, MediaFactory can be set to generate filenames that adhere to the DOS 8.3 format.